### EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

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John E. Logan

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March 11, 1999

Magalie Roman Salas Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 12<sup>th</sup> Street, SW Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: Ex parte presentation CC Docket No. 96-98 File No. NSD L-99-19

Dear Ms. Salas:

On March 10, 1999, Tina Pyle of the MediaOne Group, Dick Karre of the MediaOne Group, Kathleen M.H. Wallman of Wallman Strategic Consulting, LLC, and I met with individuals of the Commission's staff to discuss issues in the above docket. The individuals we met with are: Anna Gomez, Blaise Scinto, Les Selzer and Tasia Metha. In the meeting we discussed the position of the MediaOne Group with regard to numbering issues. The issues we discussed are summarized in the attached documents.

Enclosed are the necessary copies of this letter, with attachments

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Sincerely.

John E. Logan

**Enclosures** 

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### MediaOne Recommendations for Telephone Number Optimization

- The FCC should immediately authorize state commissions to order NXX code lotteries and other conservation measures in an area code once the state commission has commenced area code relief.
  - Without lotteries, codes may disappear in a few days, leaving no codes for facilities-based competitive providers.
- \* The FCC should adopt thousands-block number pooling.
  - > Thousands-block pooling will allow the allocation of blocks of sequential telephone numbers within the same NXX to different service providers and potentially to different switches.
  - MediaOne believes that thousands-block pooling can be accomplished in as little as six months.
- ❖ The FCC's ultimate goal should be the adoption of individual telephone number pooling.
  - > Under individual telephone number pooling, all available telephone numbers are placed into a rate center-based reserve that carriers may draw upon as warranted by demand.
  - MediaOne believes that individual telephone number pooling can be implemented in as little as three years.
- \* States should implement rate center consolidation, where feasible, as quickly as possible. The FCC should encourage the states to pursue rate center consolidation.
  - > Today, each and every carrier has to obtain a whole NXX block (10,000 numbers) per rate center to serve customers in that area. This results in many unused numbers.
  - > Rate center consolidation would allow carriers to serve many more customers with fewer NXXs.

### MASSACHUSETTS D.T.E. PETITION FOR WAIVER

### The M.D.T.E. requests the ability -

- 1. To reclaim unused and reserved NNX codes.
  - ❖ If done reasonably, this could help alleviate the code shortage.
  - Any reclamation must allow all carriers sufficient time to begin using codes after winning them.
  - ❖ Moreover, if the code is an initial code (i.e., the only code a carrier has within a rate center), the rules must allow the carrier a reasonable extension of time if it has firm plans to commence service within the rate center.
  - ❖ MediaOne supports this request, but only if it is properly conditioned.
- 2. To maintain code-rationing measures for at least six months after implementation of area code relief.
  - ❖ The current rationing plan was implemented per industry consensus; it was intended to cover only the current jeopardy situation.
  - Though MediaOne supported the rationing plan, any rationing plan hinders the ability of facilities-based CLECs to enter new areas.
  - Continuing the lottery after area code relief has been implemented will unnecessarily hinder competition.
  - MediaOne opposes this request.
- 3. To revise rationing procedures.
  - The industry-consensus rationing plan specifies the number of codes to be awarded each month.
  - Any reduction in the number of codes awarded each month would hinder the ability of facilities-based CLECs to enter new areas.
  - MediaOne opposes this request.
- 4. To address carriers' claims for additional codes outside of the rationing plan.
  - ❖ May not be necessary, unless the Commission grants number 3.
  - ❖ But if the Commission grants number 3, this is absolutely vital.
  - ❖ If granted, this power should be limited to situations of true need: carriers who will be unable to provide service unless granted a code.
  - It should not be used simply to accommodate customers' wishes for desirable numbers.
- 5. To set code-allocation standards.
  - National code-assignment guidelines already exist.
  - ❖ If the D.T.E. believes the guidelines are not being enforced properly, it should take up the issue with NANC.
  - MediaOne opposes this request.

- 6. To institute thousands block pooling.
  - ❖ MediaOne supports the implementation of thousands block pooling.
  - MediaOne supports this request.
- 7. To implement extended local calling areas.
  - MediaOne believes states have the power to implement extended local calling areas; no waiver is needed.
  - ❖ If the Commission concludes otherwise, MediaOne supports this request.
- 8. To implement inconsistent rate centers.
  - MediaOne believes states have the power to implement inconsistent rate centers, so long as they are implemented in a way that does not impede competition.
  - ❖ MediaOne thus believes the M.D.T.E. does not need this waiver.
  - ❖ If the Commission concludes otherwise, MediaOne supports this request.
- 9. To implement unassigned number porting.
  - MediaOne agrees that unassigned number porting has promise, but many questions as to its administration remain unanswered.
  - MediaOne believes these questions need resolution on a national basis before unassigned number porting is instituted anywhere.
  - Therefore, MediaOne opposes this request.

# Mediae

This is Broadband. This is the way.

### Agenda

- ♦ Who We Are
- ◆ How We Provide Our Services: Our Hybrid Fiber Coax Network
- ◆ Our Digital Telephone Services
- ◆ What We Need From Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers
- **♦** Summary

Who We Are

### MediaOne's Domestic Broadband Service Areas



- ◆ MediaOne is the 3rd largest broadband company in the United States:
  - 8.5 million homes passed
  - 5.0 million cable customers
  - 90% of customers in clusters of 100,000 or more
  - 8 markets with more than 200,000 customers

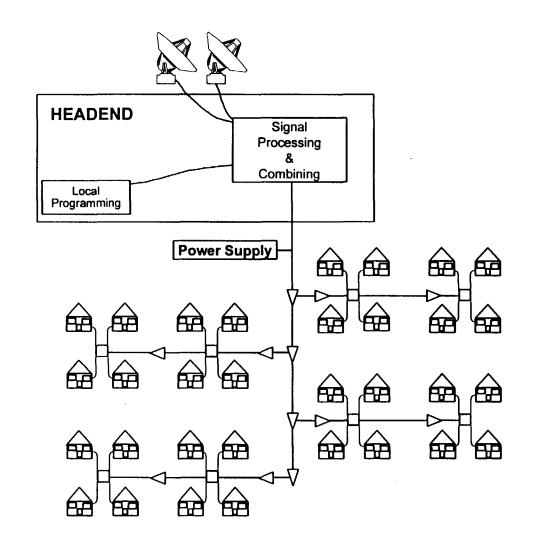
### MediaOne Digital Telephone Services



To date, MediaOne has launched <u>facilities-based</u> local telephone service to <u>residential consumers</u> in six markets: Atlanta, Los Angeles, Jacksonville, Pompano, Boston, and Richmond. More markets to come.

How We Provide Our Services: Our Hybrid Fiber Coax Network

### Traditional Tree-and-Branch CATV Architecture



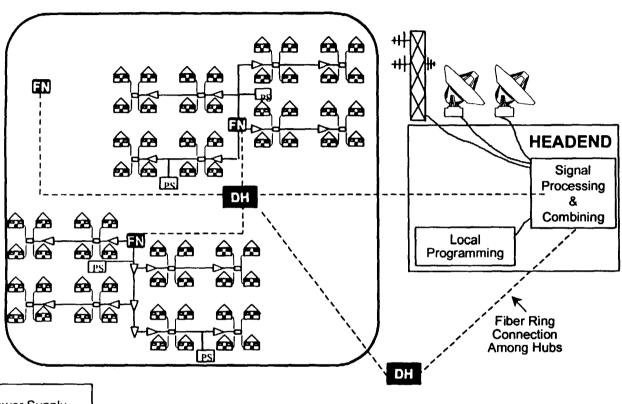
Coax Cable

Amplifiers

Tap

### **Upgrading the CATV Network**

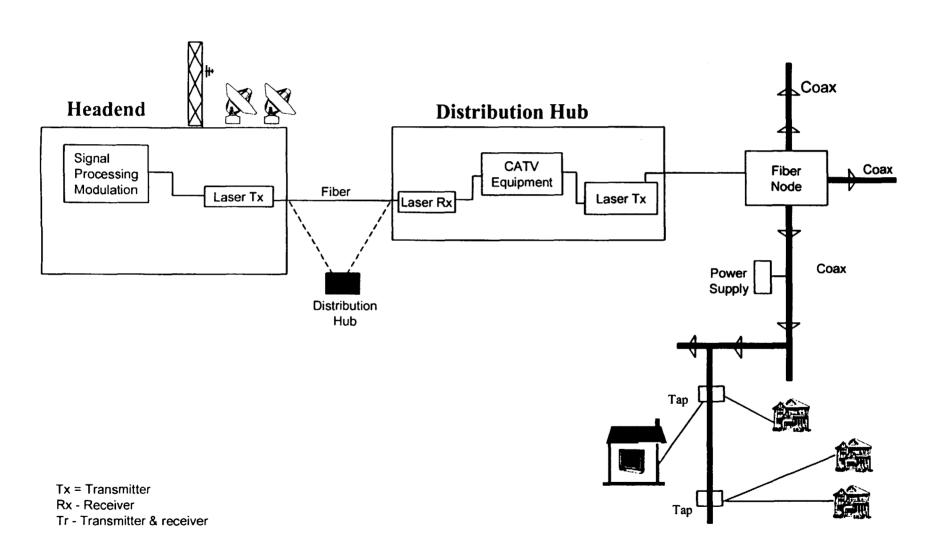
### **Distribution Hub Area**



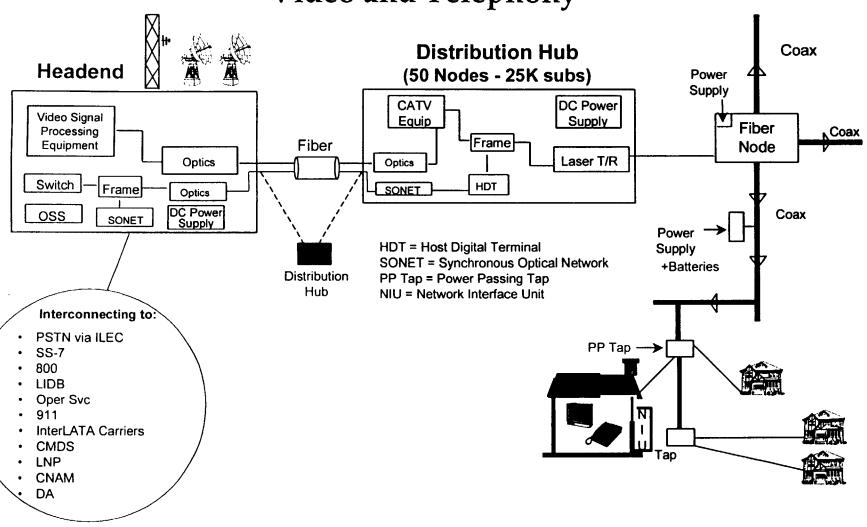
PS	Power Supply
	Coax Cable
	Fiber Cable
$\triangleright$	Amplifiers
0	Тар
DH	Distribution Hub
	(25-40K Homes)
FN	Fiber Node
	(500 Homes)

### **Upgrading the CATV Network**

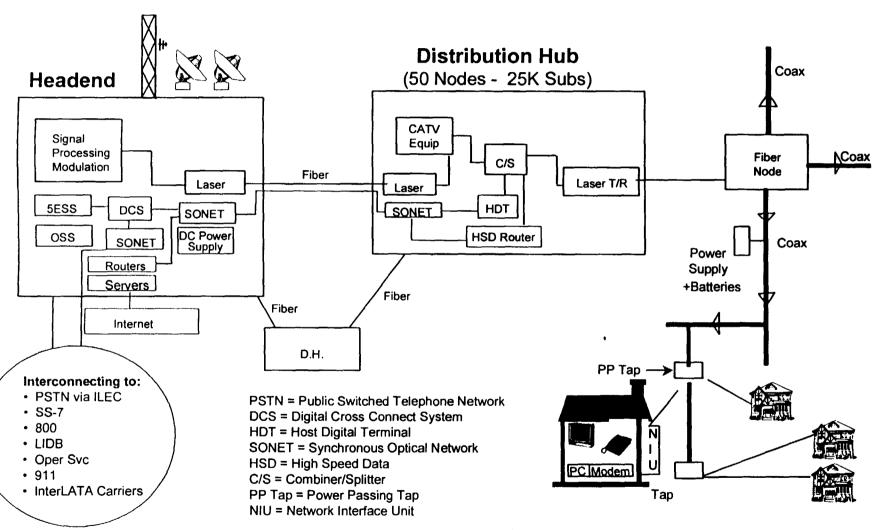
### - The Basic Network -

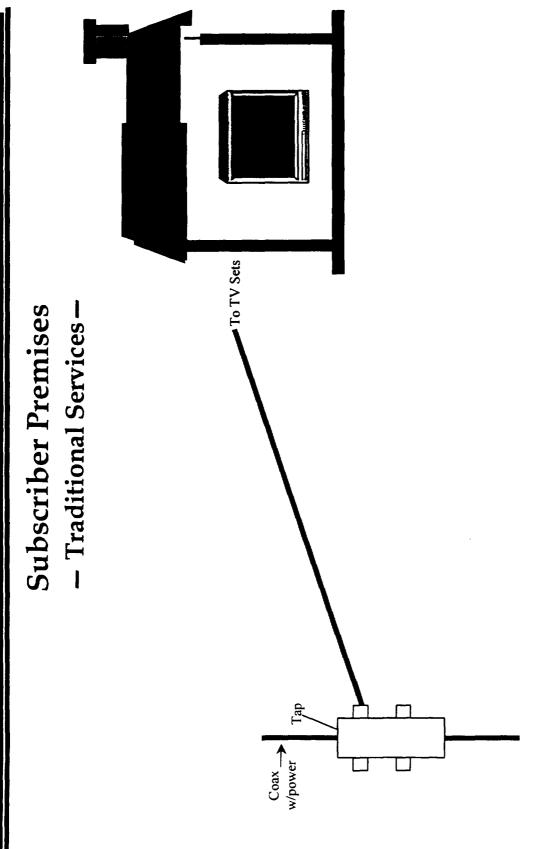


# Broadband Network Architecture Supporting Video and Telephony



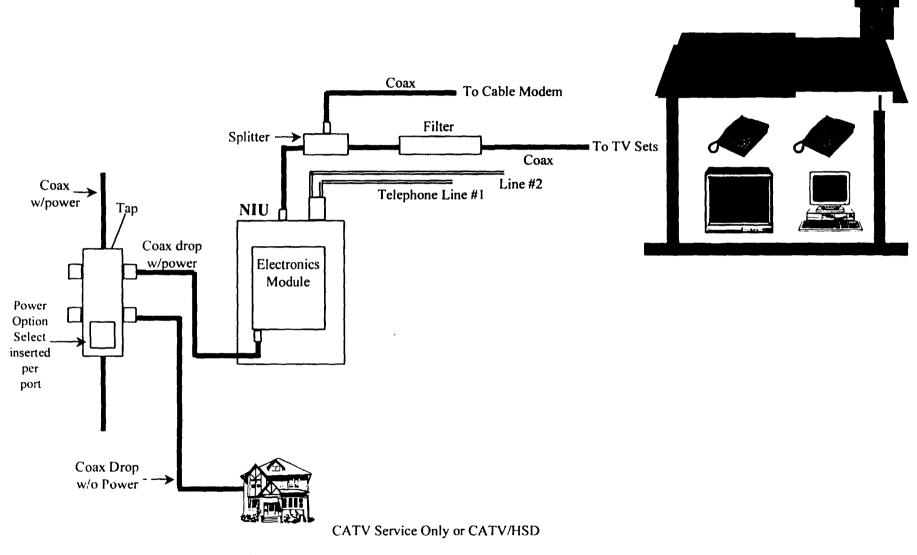
### Broadband Network Architecture Supporting Video, Telephony and High Speed Data Service





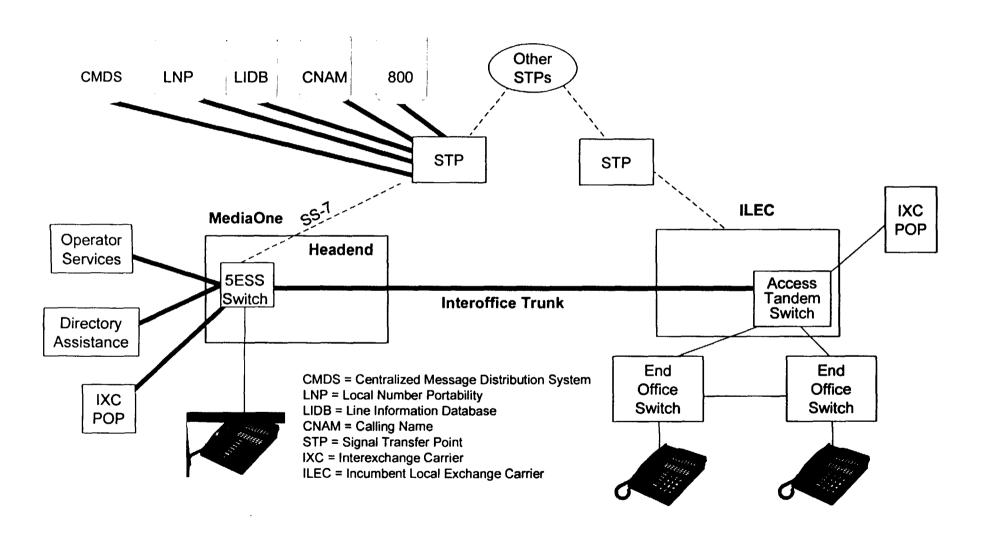
### Subscriber Premises: Telephony Overlay

- Network Interface Units -



### **Telephone Overlay**

### - Interconnections -



# Our Digital Telephone Services

### MediaOne Digital Telephone Services

### Consumer Product Packages

### Telephone services include:

- ◆ One and two line offerings.
- ◆ Lines are equipped with Touch-tone, Custom Calling Services and CLASS features. Call Waiting, Caller ID, Last Call Return, and more are all included on the line.
- ◆ Additional products include voice mail, inside wire maintenance, operator services, and directory listings, as well as access to Directory Assistance and E-911.
- ◆ Promotional offers include free installation and one free month of service.
- ◆ A satisfaction guaranteed switch back to the prior local service provider within 30 days at no cost.
- ◆ Customers may keep their telephone numbers.

Using traditional telephone services as a foundation, MediaOne has built product packages that emphasize value, simplicity, and the power of the broadband network.

### MediaOne Digital Telephone Services

### - Consumer Product Packages -

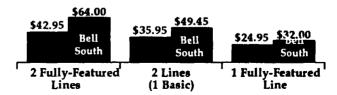
### **Competitively Priced Product Offering**

- ◆ 2 fully-featured telephone lines
- ◆ 2 telephone lines: 1 fully-featured and 1 basic line
- ◆ 1 fully-featured telephone line
- Additional products such as voice mail, inside wire maintenance, directory assistance, operator services and directory listings
- One free month of service

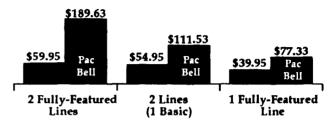
### **Promotional Offers**

- Free installation
- ◆ Satisfaction guarantee

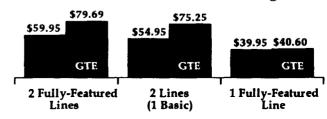
### MediaOne vs. BellSouth - Atlanta



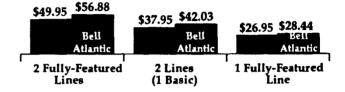
### MediaOne vs. Pacific Bell - Los Angeles\*



### MediaOne vs. GTEC - Los Angeles \*



### MediaOne vs. Bell Atlantic - Richmond

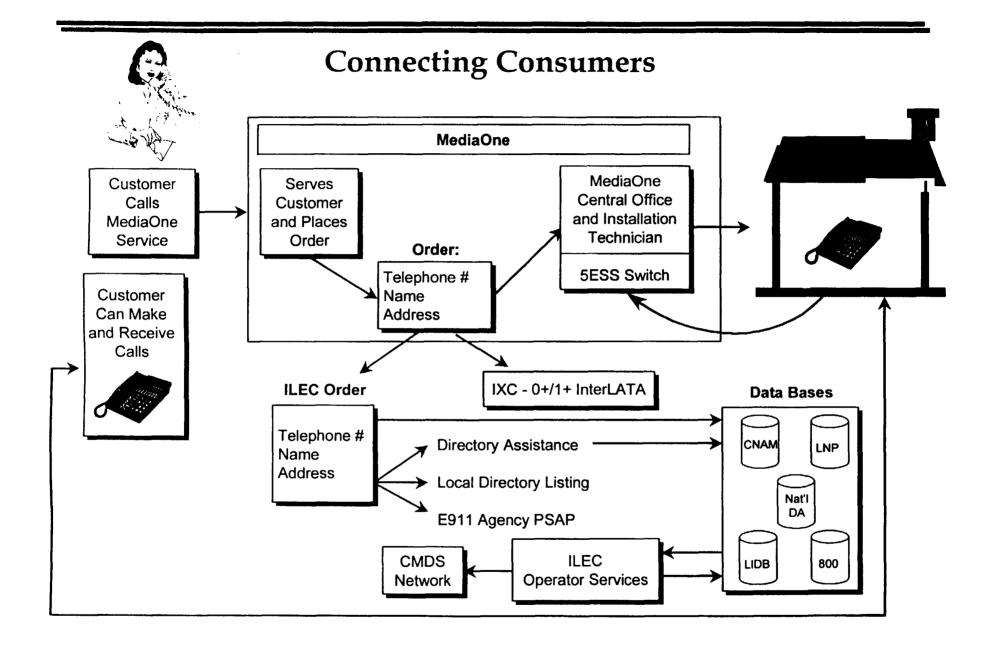


<sup>\*</sup> Includes 500 minutes of intraLATA calls.

# What We Need From Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers

## **Achieving Seamless Interconnection for Consumers**

- ◆ As a facilities-based provider, MediaOne Digital Telephone Services operates from a position of relative independence from the ILECs.
- ◆ However, MediaOne requires essential elements from the ILECs:
  - Interconnection of local telephone networks.
  - Interim and long-term number portability.
  - Access to wiring in multiple dwelling units.
  - Access to ancillary services.
- ◆ MediaOne also requires telephone numbers to provide service.



# What Does MediaOne Need From The ILEC When A Customer Orders MediaOne Telephone Service?

- Can MediaOne interconnect with the ILEC?
- Can MediaOne interconnect with the ILEC's signaling network?
- Can the customer's current phone number be ported?
- Can the customer get a new phone number?
- Will the ILEC provide intraLATA long distance?
- Will the ILEC cooperate in the cut-over of service?
- Does MediaOne have access to network terminating wire?
- Are two or more lines available for the MDU customer?

MediaOne is dependent upon the ILEC for essential elements.

### Can MediaOne Interconnect With The ILEC?

- ◆ Trunking is critical to customer access.
  - MediaOne 's experience:
    - BellSouth: MediaOne customers experienced severe service disruptions in 8/97, 10/97 and 1/98. BellSouth's trunk group additions were delayed -- the 1st time 30 days, the 2nd time 75 days.
    - Bell Atlantic: MediaOne provides timely forecasts but still experiences Bell Atlantic delays in processing interconnection trunk groups.
    - <u>Pacific Bell</u>: MediaOne places trunk orders. The ILEC is slow to respond, and when it does, the dues dates are unreasonably long. MediaOne has and continues to experience frustrating delays.
    - GTE-California: The ILEC will not install trunks per MediaOne's forecasts, and is limiting MediaOne to ten trunks per tandem.
- ◆ <u>GTE-California</u> has had translation errors that have blocked incoming calls to MediaOne's customers. Further, GTEC does not have a sufficient staff of trained employees to handle trouble resolution. Also, GTEC does not follow agreed-upon change management process.

ILECs are not providing interconnection circuits and trouble resolution on a reasonable or timely basis.

# Can MediaOne Interconnect With The ILEC's Signaling Network?

- ◆ In order for MediaOne to offer comparable service packages that include Custom Calling and CLASS services, MediaOne must be able to pass and receive appropriate messages with the ILECs.
- ◆ MediaOne 's experience :
  - <u>Pacific Bell</u>: When MediaOne requested message testing necessary for Custom Calling, Pacific Bell refused to cooperate for two months. MediaOne had to escalate to the California PUC.
  - GTE-California: The ILEC refused to provide message testing.
  - <u>Bell Atlantic</u>: The ILEC would not provide Illuminet, MediaOne's SS7 provider, with the necessary signaling parameters needed for MediaOne to implement its Caller ID Name services.

The cost to MediaOne: precious resources and business delays.

- ◆ Number portability is essential to meaningful facilities-based competition as customers are reluctant to switch to MediaOne if they must change telephone numbers.
- ◆ MediaOne 's experience :
  - BellSouth:
    - Under INP, the ILEC's original fax environment caused MediaOne to adopt a 7 work day installation commitment.
    - Under LNP, BellSouth-imposed a 48 hour interval to provide a FOC or discrepancy. At first, this was met about 50% of the time. MediaOne is now starting to receive electronic FOCs within 24 hours.
      - » However, LNP clarifications are received via fax -- this typically takes 3 days. Electronic response has been promised.

- ◆ MediaOne 's experience (continued):
  - Pacific Bell:
    - Under INP, many MediaOne customers were left without service when Pacific Bell worked orders improperly (e.g., orders were not released, orders were worked prematurely or were delayed).
    - Under LNP, MediaOne has experienced numerous problems with Pacific Bell from an ordering and provisioning standpoint.

- MediaOne 's experience (continued):
  - GTE-California:
    - At one time, MediaOne had 80% of its LNP orders rejected by GTEC.
      - » The process has improved. However, ordering and provisioning problems caused by GTEC continue to lead to MediaOne's submission of reorders, customer service interruptions and customer complaints and cancellations.
    - GTEC missed its commitment to meet an agreed upon customer conversion schedule for INP to LNP.
    - GTEC did not provide an address verification system for many months -- now GTEC has a manual process.
       MediaOne must fax requests and wait 24 hours for response.
    - GTEC reassigns, to its new customers, telephone numbers that have been ported to MediaOne.

- MediaOne 's experience (continued) :
  - Bell Atlantic:
    - The ILEC was aware of MediaOne's launch date of 9/1/98. However, on 9/4/98, Bell Atlantic informed MediaOne that it did not have an INP billing process and MediaOne would have to reschedule its porting dates.
    - MediaOne requested variable call forwarding to smooth out the processes associated with INP. Even though Bell Atlantic's CLEC handbook includes a section on the service, MediaOne was told that it could not order it. Later Bell Atlantic said that there were "undefined" operational issues. After weeks of delay, Bell Atlantic finally agreed to offer variable call forwarding.
    - Bell Atlantic refuses to test new INP procedures.

MediaOne has had to halt its marketing efforts while ILEC number portability issues are mended. MediaOne's customers have experienced service interruptions.

### Can The Customer Get A New Telephone Number?

- ◆ In the greater Los Angeles area, MediaOne's facilities cross six area codes: 213, 323, 310, 714, 626 and 562.
  - All of these area codes are in jeopardy:
  - The California PUC has instituted a lottery to conserve NXXs.
- ◆ To date, MediaOne has obtained 26 NXX codes. <u>MediaOne requires 20</u> additional codes.
- ◆ The California PUC denied MediaOne's request for immediate codes, but is revising the existing lottery process.
- ◆ The California PUC has filed a petition with the FCC requesting authority to conduct NXX code rationing.

Pacific Bell and GTE have access to a large number of telephone numbers and can offer service to customers in areas where NXX codes are rationed and availability is severely limited.

On the other hand, MediaOne cannot market to some areas because it does not have telephone numbers.

### Will The ILEC Provide IntraLATA Long Distance?

- ◆ Bell Atlantic is refusing to offer its intraLATA toll service to MediaOne local exchange customers --
  - This is contrary to the provisions of Bell Atlantic's Massachusetts tariff.
  - If a consumer wants Bell Atlantic's intraLATA toll service, the consumer must also take Bell Atlantic's local exchange service.

Bell Atlantic's position not only violates its tariff obligations, but it also discriminates against all non-Bell Atlantic's local exchange customers by denying them the choice of the ILEC's toll service.

## Will The ILEC Cooperate In The Cut-Over Of Service?

- ◆ When customers change service providers, the transition must be seamless -- that is, their service should not be disrupted.
  - MediaOne's customers have been inconvenienced as a result of:
    - <u>BellSouth</u> discriminatory repair treatment (which resulted in the customer leaving MediaOne and returning to BellSouth).
    - Problems with provisioning orders on Saturday (centers not open or open only for limited hours) -- <u>Bell Atlantic</u>, <u>Pacific Bell and GTE-California</u>.
    - Bell Atlantic failed to include MediaOne's NXX codes in Bell Atlantic's directory assistance database.
    - GTE-California has been slow to correct errors in directory listings.
    - MediaOne's customers have experienced anti-competitive win-back efforts of GTE-California.
    - GTE-California and Bell Atlantic send bills to MediaOne's customers.
    - <u>Bell Atlantic</u> refuses to intercept messages for customers who change to MediaOne service with a new telephone number.

MediaOne has experienced cumulative delays because of discriminatory access to directory assistance, support services and repair. MediaOne's customers have been inconvenienced.

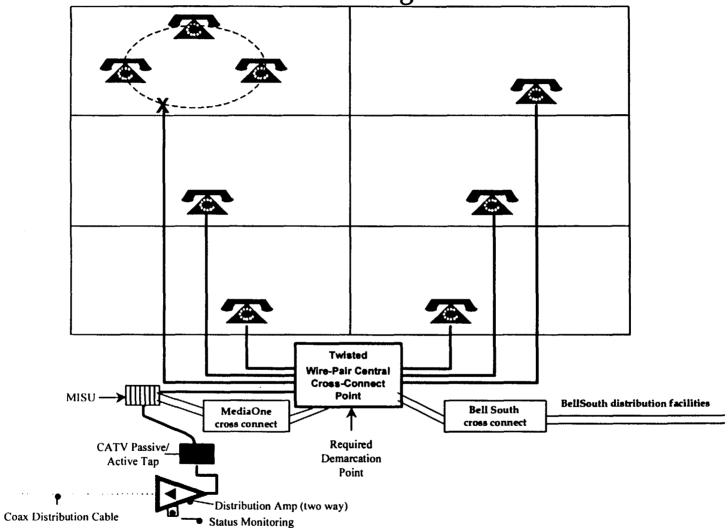
## The Customer Lives In A Multiple Dwelling Unit -- Can MediaOne Offer Service? --

- ◆ MediaOne must be able to obtain reasonable access to MDU wiring.
- ◆ BellSouth has established separate demarcation points at each of the units within the MDUs it serves.
  - BellSouth retains control of the wiring between the individual units and the minimum point of entry.
  - BellSouth has established uneconomic and operationally burdensome methods and procedures.
  - BellSouth will lease additional pairs -- if available.

MediaOne cannot offer service to BellSouth customers in Multiple Dwelling Units.

### **Multiple Dwelling Unit**

**Preferred Arrangement** 



MISU = Multiple Individual Subscriber Unit

# Summary

### What The ILECs Must Provide To Enable MediaOne To Offer Effective Facilities-Based Competition to Residential Consumers

- ◆ Seamless cut-overs for new MediaOne customers.
- ◆ Equal access to ILECs' intraLATA toll.
- ◆ Equal access to directory assistance, support, services and repair.
- ◆ Equal access to ILEC premises wire in apartment buildings.

# What The ILECs Must Provide, On A Timely And Reasonable Basis, To Enable MediaOne To Offer Effective Facilities-Based Competition to Residential Consumers

- ◆ Interconnection trunks.
- ◆ Signaling interface testing
- Number portability
- ◆ Access to ILEC intraLATA toll
- ◆ Parity of provisioning
- ◆ Trouble resolution procedures
- ◆ Elimination of duplicate billing
- ◆ Elimination of anti-competitive win-back efforts
- ◆ Access to MDU wiring

Until the ILECs remove these barriers to entry, local telephone markets will remain closed to competition.